

BEGIN — MARCH 18, 1961

A21

AMS BUDGET (450)

NUCLEAR

50.74

BY TOM OCHILTREE  
GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, MARCH 18 (AP)—THE THREE-POWER NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS RESUME TUESDAY WITH THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN PREPARED TO OFFER THE SOVIET UNION A NEW APPROACH TO THE CRITICAL CONTROL PROBLEM.

THIS REPRESENTS ONE OF TWO NEW ELEMENTS IN THESE MARATHON NEGOTIATIONS. THE OTHER IS THE FACT THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY NOW IS THE MAN DIRECTING AMERICA'S ATTEMPT TO BREAK THE DEADLOCK WITH THE RUSSIANS.

THE NEW PRESIDENT--IN COOPERATION WITH THE BRITISH--WORKED OUT A FRESH APPROACH TO THE TROUBLESOME ENFORCEMENT PROBLEM. IT IS BASED ON RECOGNITION THAT A COMPLETELY CHEAT-PROOF INSPECTION AND CONTROL SYSTEM PROBABLY NEVER CAN BE ACHIEVED. AMERICAN AND BRITISH DIPLOMATS AND SCIENTISTS ARE STILL ENGAGED IN LAST-MINUTE STUDIES OF THE WORK DONE BY THE THREE POWERS IN THIS SWISS CITY IN TWO YEARS OF NEGOTIATING.

NEW WESTERN APPROACHES HAVE BEEN DEvised WHICH AMERICAN AND BRITISH TEAMS THINK WILL PROVIDE AN ACID TEST OF THE RUSSIANS' SINCERITY. DETAILS--BEING KEPT SECRET FOR TACTICAL REASONS--ARE NOT SO IMPORTANT AS THE CHANGE IN THE UNDERLYING PHILOSOPHY OF THE WESTERN APPROACH.

ORIGINALLY, THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH NEGOTIATORS STRUGGLED TO GET A COMPLETELY UNBEATABLE CONTROL SYSTEM. NOW THEY ARE WILLING TO ACCEPT A TREATY GIVING REASONABLE SAFEGUARDS AGAINST CHEATING BUT WHICH RECOGNIZES, BY IMPLICATION, THAT THE IDEAL INSPECTION SYSTEM PROBABLY NEVER CAN BE ACHIEVED.

WESTERN INFORMANTS SAY THE MORE THE PROBLEM OF DETECTING UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS IS STUDIED, THE MORE IT BECOMES APPARENT THAT SOME ELEMENT OF TRUST WILL HAVE TO BE BUILT INTO THE TREATY. BUT THE AMERICANS AND BRITISH ARE INSISTING THE CONTROL SYSTEM MUST BE RELATED TO SCIENTIFIC FACT AND NOT BE ARRIVED AT MERELY ON THE BASIS OF A POLITICAL DEAL WITH RUSSIANS.

THE NUCLEAR TALKS ARE STARTING UP IN THE SAME OLD PLACE BESIDE SPARKLING LAKE GENEVA IN THE OLD LEAGUE OF NATIONS HEADQUARTERS. THE AMERICAN, BRITISH AND RUSSIAN DELEGATIONS MET THERE FOR THE FIRST TIME ON OCT. 31, 1958, AND THE TALKS HAVE SURVIVED REPEATED DEADLOCKS. THE RECESS NOW DRAWING TO A CLOSE WAS EXTENDED TO ALLOW THE NEW ADMINISTRATION TIME TO DEVELOP ITS IDEAS.

UP TO NOW, AGREEMENT HAS BEEN REACHED ON 17 ARTICLES, A PREAMBLE AND AN ANNEX TO A DRAFT TREATY. ALL THE LEAST CONTROVERSIAL PROBLEMS HAVE BEEN SOLVED. BUT THE BIG BASIC CONTROL PROBLEM STILL REMAINS. IT INVOLVES OPENING RUSSIA AND THE COMMUNIST WORLD TO INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION--AN IDEA THE KREMLIN THUS FAR HAS REFUSED TO ACCEPT WITH ANY FERVOR.

WHEN THE NEGOTIATIONS RECESSED IN DECEMBER THE SOVIET UNION WAS HOLDING FAST TO THE POSITION THAT FOREIGN INSPECTORS WOULD BE ADMITTED TO RUSSIA ONLY THREE TIMES A YEAR. THE TWO WESTERN POWERS WERE ARGUING FOR A MINIMUM OF 20.

THE NEW AMERICAN NEGOTIATOR, ARTHUR H. DEAN, HAS ARRIVED WITH HIS 18-MAN DELEGATION. BRITISH MINISTER OF STATE DAVID ORMSBY-GORE IS EXPECTED MONDAY. HE WILL BE AIDED BY SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT, BRITAIN'S PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE. THE WESTERNERS WILL MATCH WITS WITH RUSSIA'S SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN, THE SOVIET NEGOTIATOR WHO HAS SAT THROUGH THE TALKS FROM THE START.

RP125PES

30.24-

373

A51WX

TELEGRAPH EDITORS:

WASHINGTON--THE FOLLOWING EDITOR'S NOTE MAY BE USED IF DESIRED AS A PRECEDE TO THE A31-32WX ANTI-MISSILE BUDGET.

(EDITOR'S NOTE: ELTON C. FAY, LONG-TIME MILITARY AFFAIRS WRITER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS IN WASHINGTON, RELATES THE FORTHCOMING GENEVA NUCLEAR TALKS TO U.S. DEFENSE PROBLEMS IN THE FOLLOWING INTERPRETIVE STORY.)

THE AP 3/18/61

CZ401PES

A31WX (BJT)

(500) AMS BUDGET

ANTI-MISSILE

BY ELTON C. FAY

WASHINGTON, MARCH 18 (AP)—CONTINUATION OF THE BAN ON TESTING NUCLEAR WEAPONS COULD HANDICAP THE UNITED STATES' EFFORT TO DEVELOP A WEAPON FOR USE AGAINST AN ENEMY INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE ATTACK.

THE POSSIBILITY IS GIVEN ADDED SIGNIFICANCE BY THE RESUMPTION NEXT TUESDAY OF THE GENEVA CONFERENCE ON A TREATY TO BAN NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS.

IN OCTOBER 1958, THE UNITED STATES ANNOUNCED THAT AS A CONTRIBUTION TO THE EFFORT TO CONTROL THE USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS IT WOULD IMPOSE A VOLUNTARY MORATORIUM ON TESTS. IT HAS ABIDED BY THAT POLICY SINCE.

THERE HAS BEEN SUSPICION BUT NO PROOF THAT RUSSIA HAS IGNORED, CLANDESTINELY, HER SIMILARLY EXPRESSED POLICY.

JOHN A. MCCONE, AS CHAIRMAN OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION IN OCTOBER 1960, SAID THAT "I CAN SURMISE THAT THEY (THE RUSSIANS) ARE PROCEEDING (WITH TESTS) IN THE ABSENCE OF ANY PROOF THAT THEY ARE NOT."

SCHEDULED TO START LATE THIS YEAR OR IN 1962 IS A SERIES OF TESTS OF THE ARMY'S NIKE ZEUS ANTI-MISSILE MISSILE AGAINST ACTUAL TARGETS. THE TARGETS WILL BE ATLAS ICBM'S, LAUNCHED BY THE AIR FORCE FROM VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE, CALIF., AND TO BE INTERCEPTED BY ZEUS MISSILES LAUNCHED FROM KWAJELEIN ISLAND, IN THE MARSHALL ISLANDS GROUP, ABOUT 4,800 MILES AWAY.

PRIMARY PURPOSE OF THESE TESTS WILL BE TO TRY OUT THE MECHANICAL FEATURES OF THE ANTI-MISSILE SYSTEM -- TO SEE WHETHER A ZEUS CAN, AS THE ARMY EXPECTS, COME CLOSE ENOUGH TO AN ICBM TRAVELING IN HIGH TRAJECTORY AT SPEEDS UP TO 18,000 MILES PER HOUR.

HOWEVER, SUCH TESTS ALONE CANNOT DEMONSTRATE CONCLUSIVELY WHETHER THE ZEUS CAN RENDER IMPOTENT THE THERMONUCLEAR LOAD IN THE WARHEAD OF AN ICBM IN FLIGHT.

PRESUMABLY, ONLY THE USE OF A ZEUS WITH ITS OWN ATOMIC LOAD FOR RADIATING A NEUTRALIZING BURST AND AN ICBM WITH AN ACTUAL THERMONUCLEAR WARHEAD COULD PROVE THAT CONCLUSIVELY. OTHERWISE, EVERYTHING BEYOND THE TEST OF INTERCEPTION CAPABILITY WOULD BE BASED ONLY ON COMPUTATION AND PREDICTION.

THE SITUATION WHICH NOW SEEMS TO CONFRONT DEVELOPMENT OF THE DEFENSIVE SYSTEM ALREADY HAS HAD IMPACT ON IMPROVEMENT OF THE OFFENSIVE WEAPONS SYSTEMS.

SINCE 1958, U.S. NUCLEAR WEAPONEERS HAVE MADE REFINEMENTS AND IMPROVEMENTS IN STRATEGIC AND TACTICAL WEAPONS WITHOUT EVER REALLY LEARNING, BY TESTS, THE VALUE OF THE IMPROVEMENTS.

THE UNITED STATES HAS IMPROVED THE CARRIERS OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS, THE PLANES, MISSILES AND TACTICAL ARMS. THE RANGE OF AN ICBM HAS BEEN EXTENDED TO 9,000 MILES, WITH ACCEPTABLE ACCURACY.



BUT TO THIS DAY, THIS COUNTRY HAS NEVER TRIED, BY TEST, A NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE IN THE WARHEAD OF A LONG RANGE MISSILE FLOWN TO TARGET. SCORES OF TEST FIRINGS OF WARHEAD CASINGS, WITH INSTRUMENTS ABOARD, SEEM TO INDICATE THAT NEITHER RADIATION IN SPACE NOR THE VIOLENT HEAT CREATED AS THE WARHEAD PLUNGES BACK THROUGH THE ATMOSPHERE SHOULD AFFECT THE THERMONUCLEAR CHARGE. ON THE OTHER HAND, IT HASN'T BEEN DEMONSTRATED BY TEST.

THE IMPACT OF THE TEST MORATORIUM HAS BEEN HEAVIEST ON THE MISSILE PROGRAM. THE EFFORT THERE HAS BEEN TO SCALE DOWN IN BOTH BULK AND WEIGHT THE DIMENSIONS OF THE NUCLEAR LOAD, WHILE AT THE SAME TIME RETAINING OR INCREASING ITS EXPLOSIVE YIELD.

THIS HAS MADE POSSIBLE THE PACKING OF ATOMIC EXPLOSIVE INTO VEHICLES OF VIRTUALLY BAZOOKA SIZE. AT THE OTHER END OF THE SCALE, IT HAS PRODUCED WARHEADS OF SEVERAL MEGATON (SEVERAL MILLION TONS EXPLOSIVE FORCE) FOR ICBM'S. BUT THE U.S. DESIGNERS HAVE YET TO TRY OUT THEIR MISSILE-DELIVERED EXPLOSIVES.

DEVELOPMENT AND REFINEMENT OF NUCLEAR BOMBS HAS BEEN EASIER. FOR ONE THING, A SUBSTANTIAL NUMBER OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS, INCLUDING HYDROGEN BOMBS, WERE TEST DROPPED AND EXPLODED FROM AIRCRAFT BEFORE THE BAN SUSPENDED TESTING.

MOREOVER, THE PREMIUM FOR COMPACTNESS IS NOT SO HIGH FOR PLANE-BORN WEAPONS. A B52 CAN TOTE SEVERAL BOMBS WITH YIELDS OF 10 MEGATONS. C7228PES

A2 GLASGOW, SCOTLAND, MARCH 18 (AP)-THE BRITISH ATOMIC ENERGY AUTHORITY ANNOUNCED TODAY IT SOON WILL SET OFF A SERIES OF UNDERGROUND BLASTS IN SCOTLAND TO HELP DEVELOP METHODS OF DETECTING HIDDEN NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS. THE BLASTS, INVOLVING ONLY CONVENTION EXPLOSIVES, WILL BEGIN FRIDAY AND CONTINUE FOR A MONTH WHILE SEISMIC LISTENING POSTS IN SCOTLAND, ENGLAND AND WALES TRY TO RECORD THE RESULTANT EARTH TREMORS. LOCH STRIVEN IS ONLY A FEW MILES FROM HOLY LOCH, WHERE THE U. S. NAVY RECENTLY ESTABLISHED A SUPPLY BASE FOR NUCLEAR MISSILE SUBMARINES.

JE1206PES

A150FX

(ADVANCE FOR MORNING PAPERS OF SUNDAY, MARCH 19)

NIKE ZEUS (350)

BY RALPH DIGHTON

(ADVANCE) KWAJALEIN ISLAND, MARCH 18 (AP)-BY YEAR'S END, THIS TINY ATOLL IN THE SOUTH PACIFIC WILL BE READY FOR THE GREATEST "TURKEY SHOOT" IN HISTORY.

FROM HERE NIKE-ZEUS "MISSILE-KILLERS," 65-FEET TALL, WILL STREAK INTO SPACE TO TRY TO KNOCK DOWN DUMMY WARHEADS LOFTED BY ATLAS MISSILES FROM THE CALIFORNIA COAST 3,500 MILES AWAY.

IF THEY SUCCEED, THE CONTROVERSIAL NIKE-ZEUS PROGRAM WILL BE GIVEN POWERFUL IMPETUS. THE ARMY CONTENTS IT IS THE ONLY POSITIVE DEFENSE AGAINST ENEMY INTERCONTINENTAL MISSILES.

ALREADY, \$75 MILLION HAS BEEN SPENT GETTING THIS BOOMERANG-SHAPED ISLAND READY FOR THE TARGET PRACTICE. MANY BASES SUCH AS THAT ON KWAJALEIN MAY BE BUILT.

CRITICS HAVE SAID THE PROBLEMS OF FINDING AND SHOOTING DOWN A RELATIVELY SMALL WARHEAD TRAVELING 15,000 MILES AN HOUR JUST CAN'T BE SOLVED.

THE ARMY SAYS IT ALREADY HAS SOLVED THEM AND THIS WEEK SHOWED FOR THE FIRST TIME THE FACILITIES IT SAYS WILL DO THE JOB. NEARING COMPLETION AFTER TWO YEARS OF TOIL ARE GIANT RADAR TRANSMITTERS AND RECEIVERS WHICH WILL SPOT THE INCOMING WARHEAD. THERE ARE FOUR NIKE-ZEUS LAUNCHING CELLS.

HERE, IN THEORY, IS HOW THE SYSTEM WILL WORK: LONG-RANGE RADAR DETECTS A SUSPICIOUS OBJECT IN THE SKY. IT RELAYS THIS INFORMATION TO A COMPUTER WHICH CHECKS IT AGAINST KNOWN FRIENDLY OBJECTS AND DECIDES WHETHER THE OBJECT IS HOSTILE.

THE RADAR-CO

FRIENDLY OBJECTS AND DECIDES WHETHER THE OBJECT IS HOSTILE.

THE RADAR-COMPUTER TEAM ALSO CAN TELL, SAYS THE ARMY, WHETHER THE INCOME OBJECT IS REALLY A WARHEAD OR JUST A DECOY.

IF THE OBJECT TURNS OUT TO BE AN ENEMY WARHEAD, A MORE PRECISE RADAR BEAM LOCKS ON AND FEEDS INFORMATION ABOUT ITS SPEED AND DISTANCE BACK TO THE COMPUTER.

THE COMPUTER, WITH MICRO-SECOND SWIFTNESS, CALCULATES THE POINT AT WHICH THE OBJECT CAN BE INTERCEPTED AND SIGNALS FOR THE ZEUS TO BE FIRED.

WITH ITS 450,000-POUND THRUST BOOSTER--LARGEST SOLID FUEL ROCKET ENGINE YET DEVELOPED--THE ZEUS ROARS INTO THE SKY FOR THE KILL. IT DOESN'T HAVE TO SCORE A DIRECT HIT. ITS OWN NUCLEAR CHARGE WILL KNOCK OUT THE INCOMING WARHEAD IF EXPLODED WITHIN A MILE OR SO.

ALL THIS TAKES PLACE WITHIN 20 MINUTES -- TO INSURE THAT THE ENEMY WARHEAD, WHICH REQUIRES ONLY 30 MINUTES FROM LAUNCH TO IMPACT, IS STOPPED BEFORE IT CAN REACH AMERICAN TARGETS.

(END ADVANCE FOR MORNING PAPERS OF SUNDAY, MARCH 19--MOVED MARCH 17) EB958PPS NM

A33MH

AMS BUDGET (460)

NUCLEAR ROCKETS

BY FRANK CAREY

ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE WRITER

ST. PETERSBURG, FLA., MARCH 18 (AP)-POWER PLANTS OF HOMEWARD-BOUND NUCLEAR ROCKETS MAY HAVE TO BE DESTROYED IN SPACE LEST THEY CREATE A RADIATION HAZARD, HOWEVER LIMITED, IN IMPACTING THE EARTH, AN ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION SCIENTIST SAID TODAY.

DR. WRIGHT H. LANGHAM SAID ANY SUCH IMPACT MIGHT ENDANGER ANY PEOPLE IN THE PARTICULAR AREA NEARBY, AND EVEN CREATE DANGEROUS INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL INCIDENTS.

AT THE SAME TIME HE PREDICTED THAT ALL MAJOR RADIATION SAFETY PROBLEMS CONCERNING NUCLEAR ROCKETS WILL BE ADEQUATELY SOLVED BY THE TIME SUCH ROCKETS ARE READY FOR UNMANNED OR MANNED FLIGHT.

AND, DECLARED LANGHAM, OF THE AEC'S LOS ALAMOS, NEW MEXICO, SCIENTIFIC LABORATORY, THE UNITED STATES APPEARS TO HAVE "A SLIGHT LEAD" OVER RUSSIA IN DEVELOPING SUCH ROCKETS, WHICH HE DECLARED MAY OFFER MAN'S BEST BET FOR EXPLORING THE MOON AND THE PLANETS.

BUT, IN LISTING STILL-UNSOLVED RADIATION PROBLEMS, HE SAID ONE OF THE TOUGHEST INVOLVES NUCLEAR REACTORS THAT WOULD BE RETURNING TO EARTH FROM ORBIT, STILL CONTAINING DANGEROUS RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS.

HE TOLD A SEMINAR FOR SCIENCE WRITERS SPONSORED BY THE AMERICAN CANCER SOCIETY:

"SINCE RE-ENTRY AND IMPACT WOULD BE UNCONTROLLED, THE REACTOR MIGHT FALL ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD, THEREBY CREATING A POTENTIAL HAZARD TO THE PUBLIC DOMAIN AS WELL AS A POTENTIAL INTERNATIONAL INCIDENT OF CONSIDERABLE MAGNITUDE."

AMONG POSSIBILITIES FOR SOLVING IT, HE SAID, ARE THESE:

1. BLOWING UP THE REACTOR WHILE IT'S STILL FAR FROM EARTH--BUT FIRST SEPARATING IT FROM ANY MANNED SPACECRAFT IT WAS PROPELLING.

2. CAUSING THE REACTOR TO "BOIL OFF" ALL ITS REMAINING FISSION PRODUCTS AND LEAVE THEM FLOATING IN SPACE.

3. LEAVING THE REACTOR INTACT, BUT DEVISING SOME MEANS OF CONTROLLING ITS RE-ENTRY INTO THE ATMOSPHERE SO IT WOULD IMPACT IN AN ISOLATED, UNINHABITED AREA.

HE SAID THE POWER PLANTS OF NUCLEAR ROCKETS COULD ALSO PRESENT HAZARDS BY GOING HAYWIRE ON THE LAUNCHING PAD, OR SOON AFTER LIFT-OFF. BUT HE DECLARED THAT IN SUCH CASES, THE HAZARD WOULD LARGELY BE RESTRICTED TO THE LAUNCHING AREA.

HOWEVER, HE SAID THAT EVEN IN SUCH CASES THERE MIGHT BE FALLOUT DANGER TO POPULATED AREAS CLOSEST TO LAUNCHING SITES--SO IT WOULD BE A GOOD IDEA TO LAUNCH SUCH ROCKETS FROM VERY ISOLATED SEASIDE AREAS, OR FROM ISLANDS AT SEA.



WHAT ABOUT THE FALLOUT CONTAMINATION IF NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS WERE PURPOSELY DESTROYED HIGH IN THE EARTH'S ATMOSPHERE OR IN OUTER SPACE? "INSIGNIFICANT COMPARED TO THAT CREATED BY NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS," SAID DR. LANGHAM, ADDING THAT THE POTENTIAL HAZARD FROM FALLOUT FROM SUCH TESTS IS ITSELF VERY SMALL.

HE SAID A CONCEIVABLE NUCLEAR PROPULSION REACTOR CAPABLE OF FIVE MILLION POUNDS THRUST--MORE THAN FIVE TIMES AS POWERFUL AS THE STRONGEST CHEMICAL ROCKET NOW POSSESSED BY THE RUSSIANS--WOULD HAVE AN ENERGY OUTPUT EQUAL ONLY TO A 7-KILOTON NUCLEAR WEAPON. THAT WOULD BE ONLY ABOUT ONE THIRD THE ENERGY OF THE 20-KILOTON BOMB DROPPED ON HIROSHIMA.

THE FIRST NUCLEAR ROCKETS TO FLY, HE SAID, CONCEIVABLY WILL HAVE MUCH MORE MODERATE THRUST--ABOUT 50,000 POUNDS. AND, HE SAID, YOU COULD BLOW UP 10,000 SUCH REACTORS IN THE ATMOSPHERE OR IN SPACE EVERY YEAR WITHOUT SIGNIFICANTLY INCREASING WORLDWIDE FALLOUT.

A106FX

BY RALPH DIGHTON  
SOUTH POINT, HAWAII, MARCH 18 (AP)--AMERICA'S FIRST SPACE-SPY SATELLITE HAS GONE BEHIND A CLOUD OF SECRECY. OFFICIALLY, AT LEAST, SAMOS II, LAUNCHED JAN. 31 FROM POINT ARGUELLO, CALIF., NO LONGER EXISTS.

OFFICIALS AT THIS PACIFIC MISSILE RANGE TRACKING STATION, THE VERY EXISTENCE OF WHICH WAS HIDDEN FOR MANY MONTHS, ARE NOT PERMITTED TO SAY WHETHER THEY HAVE EVER BEEN IN CONTACT WITH SAMOS.

THEY CAN SAY, HOWEVER, THAT ONE OF THEIR JOBS IS TO TRACK MIDAS, A SISTER CLOAK-AND-DAGGER TYPE SATELLITE, WHICH IS JUST LIKE SAMOS EXCEPT FOR THE JOB IT DOES.

SAMOS AND MIDAS ARE THIS COUNTRY'S WATCHDOGS IN SPACE. SAMOS IS DESIGNED TO TAKE PHOTOGRAPHS 300 MILES HIGH WITH THE CLARITY OF THE HUMAN EYE AT 100 FEET. EVENTUALLY SAMOS SATELLITES WILL CARRY TELEVISION CAMERAS--THE IDEA BEING THAT A NETWORK OF THEM WHIZZING AROUND THE EARTH'S POLES CAN KEEP ENEMY TERRITORY UNDER CONSTANT SURVEILLANCE.

MIDAS WORKS DIFFERENTLY. INSTEAD OF CAMERAS IT CARRIES SENSITIVE DEVICES TO DETECT ANY LAUNCHING OF ENEMY MISSILES.

MIDAS IS CONSIDERED A "PASSIVE" SPY. IT DOES NOTHING UNLESS OR UNTIL AN ENEMY ATTACKS. SAMOS, HOWEVER, IS DESIGNED TO BE AN ACTIVE ESPIONAGE TOOL, OBSERVING MILITARY TARGETS, MISSILE BASES, AND ANY CONCENTRATION OF MEN AND MATERIEL THAT MIGHT SIGNAL AN OFFENSIVE IS UNDER WAY.

U.S. AUTHORITIES ARE KNOWN TO BE WORRIED ABOUT POSSIBLE REACTION TO SAMOS BY RUSSIA, WHICH SHOT DOWN THE HIGH-FLYING U2 CAMERA PLANE LAST SPRING.

THIS OBVIOUSLY IS ONE REASON NOTHING HAS BEEN HEARD ABOUT SAMOS SINCE ITS LAUNCHING.

NEWSMEN ON A 10,000-MILE TOUR OF U.S. DEFENSE FACILITIES IN THE PACIFIC WERE SHOWN THROUGH THIS LONG-SECRET TRACKING STATION FRIDAY.

HERE AT THE SOUTHERNMOST POINT OF THE UNITED STATES, ON THE BOTTOM TIP OF THE ISLAND OF HAWAII, IS A HUGE 60-FOOT DISH-SHAPED ANTENNA CAPABLE OF "TALKING" WITH SATELLITES AND SPACE VEHICLES OVER A DISTANCE OF MILLIONS OF MILES.

THIS AND OTHER DEEP-SPACE TRACKING STATIONS AT MANCHESTER, ENGLAND, CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., AND SINGAPORE--EACH A QUARTER OF THE WAY AROUND THE EARTH--CAN KEEP IN CONSTANT TOUCH WITH SPACE PROBES DESPITE THE TURNING OF THE GLOBE.

SAM PECK, PACIFIC MISSILE RANGE REPRESENTATIVE HERE, SAYS THE FACILITY COULD BE USED FOR UPCOMING PROJECT RANGER SHOTS AT THE MOON.

MEANTIME, IT IS TRACKING SATELLITES SUCH AS TRANSIT 3B, THE NAVIGATION SATELLITE WHICH HELPS SURFACE CRAT--AND POLARIS MISSILE-CARRYING SUBMARINES--GET A QUICK FIX ON POSITION.

CHANCES ARE IT IS ALSO TRACKING THE FIRST SUCCESSFULLY LAUNCHED SAMOS--AN EARLIER ONE FAILED TO GO INTO ORBIT--BUT THERE HAS BEEN NO CONFIRMATION.

MD240PESNM

196

30.24-

375

ALL DURING THE TWO-WEEK TOUR EVERY QUESTION ABOUT SAMOS HAS BEEN BRUSHED ASIDE OR GIVEN A FIRM "NO COMMENT."

S5:00PPS NM

A48WA

(400) NIGHT LEAD SPACE

BY JOHN BECKLER

WASHINGTON, MARCH 18 (AP)--THE AIR FORCE TODAY PROMISED TO KEEP ITS HANDS OFF THE PET SPACE PROJECTS OF THE ARMY AND NAVY, ALTHOUGH IT HAS BEEN GIVEN THE DOMINANT MILITARY ROLE IN SPACE.

SPEAKING THROUGH ITS CHIEF OF STAFF, GEN. THOMAS D. WHITE, THE AIR FORCE ALSO DISCLAIMED ANY INTENTION OF SWALLOWING UP THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION, THE CIVILIAN AGENCY WHICH HAS CHARGE OF SPACE EXPLORATION.

WHITE TOLD THE HOUSE SPACE COMMITTEE THE AIR FORCE HAS NO DESIGNS ON THE NAVY'S POLARIS MISSILE, THE ARMY'S NIKE-ZEUS ANTI-MISSILE SYSTEM, OR COMMUNICATIONS AND NAVIGATIONAL PROJECTS NOW BEING CARRIED OUT BY THOSE TWO SERVICES.

HE SAID A RECENT PENTAGON DIRECTIVE GIVING THE AIR FORCE RESPONSIBILITY FOR ALL SPACE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT DID NOT AFFECT PROJECTS ALREADY APPROVED AND ASSIGNED TO OTHER SERVICES.

"AND WE WILL BEND OVER BACKWARDS TO SEE THAT THE LETTER AND SPIRIT OF THAT DIRECTIVE IS FOLLOWED," WHITE ADDED.

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA HAS COME UNDER FIRE IN CONGRESS FOR ISSUING SUCH A SWEEPING DIRECTIVE. HE WAS CRITICIZED AFTER IT BECAME KNOWN THAT THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF, HIS CHIEF MILITARY ADVISERS, WERE LARGELY BYPASSED IN MAKING THE DECISION.

THE CURRENT HEARINGS ARE INTENDED TO EXPLORE THE REASONS FOR THE DIRECTIVE AND TO GIVE THE ARMY AND NAVY A CHANCE TO MAKE THEIR VIEWS PUBLIC. SPOKESMEN FOR THESE SERVICES WILL TESTIFY NEXT WEEK.

REP. OVERTON BROOKS, D-LA., CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE, SAID HE WAS CONCERNED ALSO OVER THE AIR FORCE'S INTENTIONS TOWARD NASA. HE CITED AN AIR FORCE MEMO, WRITTEN APRIL 14, 1960, IN WHICH WHITE SAID THAT NASA "INEVITABLY WILL BE CLOSELY ASSOCIATED, IF NOT EVENTUALLY COMBINED WITH THE MILITARY."

WHITE SAID HIS MEMO WAS MEANT TO BRING ABOUT A CLOSER RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN NASA AND THE AIR FORCE. THE CIVILIAN AGENCY WANTED TO USE AIR FORCE SPACE EXPERTS, HE SAID, AND HIS MEMO INSTRUCTED AIR FORCE COMMANDERS TO SUPPLY THEM "EVEN TO THE EXTENT OF SOME RISK TO OUR OWN PROGRAMS."

ASKED IF THE FACT 77 AIR FORCE OFFICERS ARE NOW ASSIGNED TO NASA DOES NOT INDICATE THE AIR FORCE HAS ALREADY TAKEN IT OVER, WHITE REPLIED:

"I CAN ONLY SAY THAT EVERY AIR FORCE MAN IS THERE AT THE REQUEST OF NASA."

WHITE WAS ACCOMPANIED BY LT. GEN. BERNARD A. SCHRIEVER, WHO HAS BEEN PLACED IN CHARGE OF A NEWLY ORGANIZED COMMAND DESIGNED TO CARRY OUT THE AIR FORCE'S ENLARGED SPACE ROLE.

SCHRIEVER SAID HE REGARDED HIMSELF AS "THE CULPRIT" WHO CAUSED WHITE TO WRITE THE 1960 MEMO. IT RESULTED, HE SAID, FROM HIS REFUSAL TO TURN OVER TO NASA SOME OF HIS KEY RESEARCH PEOPLE.

C7345PFC

A38

U R G E N T

HOLY LOCH, SCOTLAND, MARCH 18 (AP)--THE U.S. NAVY DISCLOSED TONIGHT A BRITON MADE AN UNAUTHORIZED DIVE BENEATH THE PROTEUS, TOP SECRET MOTHER SHIP OF AMERICA'S NUCLEAR SUBMARINE FORCE ON THIS SIDE OF THE ATLANTIC.

THE NAVY SAID IT HAS NOT IDENTIFIED THE MAN OFFICIALLY, BUT HIS



DIVE WAS DETECTED BY PERSONNEL ABOARD THE PROTEUS.  
A LONDON NEWSPAPER SAID THE INTRUDER WAS CAPT. MICHAEL (MAD MIKE) HENDERSON. THE NEWS OF THE WORLD SAID HENDERSON CLAIMED TO HAVE SCRATCHED HIS INITIALS SIX INCHES HIGH IN TWO PLACES ON THE 9,700-TON PROTEUS.

HENDERSON IS KNOWN IN SCOTLAND AS AN ADVENTURER AND TUG BOAT SKIPPER ALONG THE CLYDE. HE HAS NO CONNECTION WITH THE BRITISH ARMED SERVICES AND IS THOUGHT TO DERIVE HIS CAPTAIN'S TITLE FROM HIS RIVER BOAT ACTIVITIES.

THE PROTEUS ARRIVED EARLY THIS MONTH TO ACTIVATE A SCOTTISH BASE FOR POLARIS MISSILE-CARRYING SUBMARINES. THE NAVY SAID THE INTRUSION OCCURRED SOON AFTER.

SO FAR, ONLY THE USS PATRICK HENRY HAS TIED UP ALONGSIDE THE MOTHER SHIP. BOTH THE PROTEUS AND THE PATRICK HENRY ARE ALREADY EQUIPPED WITH POLARIS MISSILES, DESCRIBED AS A VITAL WEAPON IN EVENT OF NUCLEAR WAR. THE PATRICK HENRY AND OTHER AMERICAN SUBMARINES WILL EVENTUALLY START A CONSTANT ARMED UNDERWATER PATROL THROUGH THE EASTERN ATLANTIC.

THE NEWS OF THE WORLD QUOTED HENDERSON AS SAYING: "I WONDERED JUST HOW GOOD THE SECURITY PRECAUTIONS WERE AROUND THE PROTEUS. I WAS CERTAINLY NOT ACTING ON INSTRUCTIONS."

"IT SEEMS TO ME THAT THE SECURITY SURROUNDING THE VESSEL IS NON-EXISTENT THOUGH IT MIGHT HAVE BEEN A DIFFERENT STORY IF I HAD DONE THE DIVE IN DAYLIGHT," HENDERSON WAS QUOTED AS SAYING.

CAPT. RICHARD LANING, COMMANDER OF THE PROTEUS, TOLD A NEWSMAN: "I DID NOT KNOW THE MAN WAS HENDERSON, BUT WE KNEW A FROGMAN HAD SWAM UNDER THE SHIP, THOUGH WE DID NOTHING TO STOP HIM."

"WE DID NOT INTERFERE WITH HIM BECAUSE BEING IN A FRIENDLY PORT, WE TRUST THE PEOPLE WILL ACT IN A FRIENDLY FASHION. BUT I WOULD CERTAINLY RATHER IT DIDN'T HAPPEN AGAIN."

CAPT. LANING SAID THE DIVER WAS KEPT UNDER OBSERVATION AS HE APPROACHED THE PROTEUS. "WE HAVE OUR OWN WAY OF SPOTTING PEOPLE AND WE HAD A BOAT CLOSE TO HIM," LANING SAID. "WE SENT DOWN OUR OWN FROGMAN TO SEE IF ANYTHING HAD BEEN DONE WHICH COULD HAVE ANY EFFECT ON THE SHIP."

ASKED WHETHER MAD MIKE'S INITIALS HAD BEEN FOUND, CAPT. LANING REPLIED: "I WOULD RATHER NOT GO INTO DETAILS OF WHAT WE FOUND OR DIDN'T FIND."

HENDERSON IS 41.

IN LONDON, THE NAVY SAID IT DOES NOT CONTEMPLATE CARRYING THE INCIDENT ANY FURTHER.

HF831PES

B81 Q

PORTSMOUTH, ENGLAND, MARCH 18 (AP)-THE WORLD'S FIRST NUCLEAR SUBMARINE, THE U.S.S. NAUTILUS, PUT INTO PORTSMOUTH HARBOR TODAY AFTER A 10-DAY UNDERWATER CROSSING OF THE ATLANTIC. SHE WILL REMAIN IN PORTSMOUTH 10 DAYS. MONDAY, 20 BRITISH MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT, INCLUDING CHARLES ORR-EWING, FIRST LORD OF THE ADMIRALTY, WILL GO ABOARD THE SUBMARINE FOR A TIP IN THE ENGLISH CHANNEL.

JD1104AES

B95 (Q--270)

HUNTSVILLE, ALA., MARCH 18 (AP)-THE BRUCE GRANT FAMILY LEFT THEIR NUCLEAR FALLOUT SHELTER SATURDAY, EXACTLY A WEEK AFTER ENTERING IT TO ATTRACT ATTENTION TO CIVIL DEFENSE.

THE SUN WAS BEHIND CLOUDS, AND A COLD WIND WAS BLOWING WHEN THEY OPENED THE DOOR TO THE SMALL, CONCRETE BLOCK SHELTER AND MET AN ESTIMATED 500 PERSONS OUTSIDE.

THE FAMILY UNDERWENT THE PROJECT TO STRESS THE NEED FOR FALLOUT SHELTERS IN THE EVENT OF A NUCLEAR ATTACK. GRANT IS EMPLOYED BY CHRYSLER CORP. AT REDSTONE ARSENAL.

GRANT, HIS WIFE AND TWO SMALL CHILDREN LOOKED WEARY OF THE EXPERIENCE BUT SAID THEY WOULD GO THROUGH IT AGAIN IF NECESSARY.

"I WOULD DO AS MUCH FOR THE COMMUNITY IN DRAWING ATTENTION TO CIVIL DEFENSE, WE WOULD DO IT AGAIN," GRANT SAID, STROKING A BEARD. HE HADN'T SHAVED SINCE THE FAMILY ENTERED THE SHELTER AT 3:30 P.M. MARCH 11.

IT WAS 3:30 P.M. SATURDAY, WHEN THEY UNLOCKED THE DOOR FROM THE INSIDE AND WALKED OUT--GRANT FIRST, CARRYING 4-YEAR-OLD DANNY. MRS. GRANT AND 12-YEAR-OLD CHRISTINE FOLLOWED.

THEY FOUND SEVERAL SURPRISES AWAITING THEM. THEY HAD BEEN BUILDING A NEW HOUSE. IT WAS FINISHED DURING THEIR SOJOURN IN THE FALLOUT SHELTER.

THE JUNIOR CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, SPONSOR OF THE DEMONSTRATION, HAD MOVED ALL THEIR FURNITURE INTO THE NEW HOUSE DURING THE WEEK.

A CONSTRUCTION COMPANY GAVE THEM A WEEK'S VACATION IN FLORIDA. THEY CLIMBED INTO A WHITE CONVERTIBLE AUTOMOBILE AND A MOTORCADE DROVE THROUGH HUNTSVILLE.

THE CITY COUNCIL PRESENTED THEM WITH A PLAQUE, PROCLAIMING THEM THE "OUTSTANDING FAMILY OF 1961."

GRANT KEPT A DIARY OF THEIR EXPERIENCES, AND HE SAID MOST OF THEIR TROUBLES WERE CAUSED BY DAMPNESS AND LEAKS IN THE STRUCTURE.

THEY SAID BOREDOM WAS NOT MUCH OF A PROBLEM.  
"WE WERE TOO BUSY BATTLING THE LEAKS," GRANT SAID.  
PS/HP931PES

A64WX

(380) ADVANCE FOR 8:30 P.M., EST, TONIGHT

DECKER

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, MARCH 18 (AP)-GEN. GEORGE H. DECKER, CHIEF OF STAFF, SAID TONIGHT "THE ARMY HAS BEEN GIVEN EVERY OPPORTUNITY TO EXPRESS ITS VIEWS" IN THE REAPPRAISAL OF STRATEGY ORDERED BY PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

THE GENERAL, IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR THE WEST POINT SOCIETY, NOTED THAT THE FIRST DRAFT OF THE REAPPRAISAL REPORT HAS BEEN SENT BY THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT TO THE PRESIDENT.

"AT THIS TIME, I AM IN NO POSITION TO PREDICT WHAT CHANGES MAY RESULT FROM THIS EVALUATION," DECKER SAID.

HOWEVER, HE DID OUTLINE HIS OWN VIEWS ON WHAT IS NEEDED TO MAKE THE UNITED STATES READY FOR MEETING ANY KIND OF A MILITARY THREAT.

"THE FIRST REQUIREMENT," HE SAID, "IS FOR A BALANCED OFFENSIVE-DEFENSIVE COMBINATION TO DETER OR RESPOND TO THERMONUCLEAR ATTACK ON THIS NATION. THIS MUST BE COMPOSED OF SECURE STRATEGIC NUCLEAR STRIKE FORCES, SUPPORTED BY THE ACTIVE AND PASSIVE DEFENSES NECESSARY TO INSURE NATIONAL SURVIVAL."

SECOND, HE LISTED REQUIREMENT FOR "BALANCED, DUAL-CAPABLE, LAND, SEA AND AIR FORCES" CAPABLE OF FIGHTING EITHER NUCLEAR OR NON-NUCLEAR WAR.

THE THIRD REQUIREMENT IS FOR ADEQUATE AIR AND SEA TRANSPORTATION TO TAKE FORCES ABOARD AND MAINTAIN THEM THERE, DECKER SAID. THE ARMY HAS URGED AND KENNEDY ALREADY HAS ORDERED A SUBSTANTIAL INCREASE IN ITS AIRLIFT CAPABILITIES.

DECKER SAID IT IS NECESSARY THAT THE UNITED STATES DEVELOP AN ANTI-MISSILE DEFENSE BEFORE RUSSIA CAN DO SO, THAT OTHERWISE "THE RESULTING ODDS WOULD SHIFT DANGEROUSLY AGAINST US."

"THIS IS A PROBLEM TO WHICH THE ARMY IS DEVOTING A MAJOR EFFORT," THE GENERAL SAID. "AS A COUNTER AGAINST THE INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE, THE ARMY NOW HAS UNDER DEVELOPMENT THE THIRD GENERATION OF THE NIKE AIR DEFENSE MISSILE FAMILY -- THE NIKE ZEUS. AS YOU MAY KNOW, ZEUS SHOWS GREAT PROMISE AND IS THE ONLY SYSTEM UNDER ACTIVE DEVELOPMENT IN THE FREE WORLD DESIGNED TO COPE WITH THE INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE THREAT."

THE ARMY HAS BEEN URGING THAT IT BE PERMITTED TO START INTO PRODUCTION SOME OF THE COMPONENTS OF THE ZEUS WHICH REQUIRE A LONG TIME TO MANUFACTURE. THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT HAD TURNED DOWN THE REQUEST FOR MORE THAN TWO YEARS. THE PROPOSAL REPORTEDLY HAS GONE THROUGH THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF AND BEEN FORWARDED TO THE PRESIDENT FOR HIS ACTION.



DECKER ALSO SAID THAT TO MEET THE COMMUNIST TECHNIQUES FOR TOPPLING LEGALLY ESTABLISHED GOVERNMENTS BY PENETRATION, SUBVERSION AND ARMED ACTION, AN EXPANSION OF GUERRILLA TYPE SPECIAL FORCES OF THE ARMY IS NEEDED. HE SAID THIS NOW HAS "THE FULL SUPPORT OF THE PRESIDENT AND THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE."

RZ454PESNM

(250) AIR FORCE  
WASHINGTON, MARCH 18 (AP)--THE AIR FORCE TODAY NAMED THE OFFICERS WHO WILL HEAD THE VARIOUS SECTIONS OF THE NEW AIR FORCE SYSTEMS ORGANIZATION.  
THE SYSTEMS ORGANIZATION, HEADED BY LT. GEN. BERNARD A. SCHRIEVER, WITH HEADQUARTERS AT NEARBY ANDREWS AIR FORCE BASE., MD., WILL HAVE OVER-ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR MISSILE DEVELOPMENT AND PROCUREMENT. THE ASSIGNMENT ANNOUNCED TODAY INCLUDE:  
MAJ. GEN. HOWELL M. ESTES, NOW ASSISTANT DEPUTY CHIEF OF STAFF FOR OPERATIONS, TO BE DEPUTY COMMANDER FOR THE AEROSPACE SYSTEMS.  
MAJ. GEN. JOSEPH R. HOLZAPPEL, PRESENTLY COMMANDER OF THE AIR DEVELOPMENT DIVISION AT WRIGHT-PATTERSON AIR FORCE BASE, OHIO, TO BE ASSISTANT DEPUTY COMMANDER FOR THE AEROSPACE SYSTEMS.  
MAJ. GEN. CLYDE H. MITCHELL, HEAD OF THE ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS CENTER AT HANSCOM FIELD, MASS., TO BE DEPUTY CHIEF OF STAFF FOR MATERIEL OF THE AIR FORCE SYSTEMS COMMAND.  
MAJ. GEN. THOMAS P. GERRITY, COMMANDER OF THE BALLISTIC MISSILE CENTER AT LOS ANGELES, TO BE COMMANDER OF THE BALLISTIC SYSTEMS DIVISION.  
MAJ. GEN. OSMOND J. RITLAND, CHIEF OF THE BALLISTIC MISSILE DIVISION TO BE COMMANDER OF THE SPACE SYSTEMS DIVISION.  
BRIG. GEN. ROBERT E. GREER, VICE COMMANDER FOR SATELLITE SYSTEMS AT EL SEGUNDO, CALIF., TO BE DEPUTY COMMANDER OF THE SPACE SYSTEMS DIVISION.  
MAJ. GEN. WAYMOND A. DAVIS, CHIEF OF THE AERONAUTICAL SYSTEMS CENTER AT WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB, TO BE COMMANDER OF THE AERONAUTICAL SYSTEMS DIVISION.  
MAJ. GEN. KENNETH P. BERGQUIST, CHIEF OF THE COMMAND AND CONTROL DEVELOPMENT DIVISION AT HANSCOM, TO BE COMMANDER OF THE ELECTRONICS SYSTEM DIVISION.  
MAJ. GEN. DANIEL E. HOOKS, NOW COMMANDER OF THE AIR FORCE RESEARCH DIVISION HERE, WILL HEAD THE OFFICE OF AEROSPACE RESEARCH.

SR430PES

A142WX

ADVANCE FOR AMS SUNDAY MARCH 19--NOTE DATE  
(500) MARINES-GUERRILLAS

BY FRED S. HOFFMAN

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 18 (AP)--THE MARINE CORPS, SOMEWHAT OVER SHADOWED IN RECENT YEARS, SEEMS ABOUT TO GAIN NEW IMPORTANCE WITH GROWING EMPHASIS ON U. S. CAPABILITY AGAINST COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS IN THE VULNERABLE AREAS OF THE WORLD.

IF, AS REPORTED LIKELY, THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION ASKS CONGRESS TO RAISE MARINE STRENGTH BY 25,000 MEN--TO 200,000--CORPS OFFICIALS PROBABLY WOULD USE THESE REINFORCEMENTS TO FILL OUT THEIR THREE DIVISIONS AND OTHER UNITS.

AS OF NOW, THEY SAY THEY PLAN NO NEW TYPE UNITS BECAUSE THEY BELIEVE THEIR PRESENT CONCEPT--BUILT AROUND HIGHLY MOBILE FOUR-MAN TEAMS AND SMALL-GROUP OPERATIONS--IS TAILORED TO ANTI-GUERRILLA WORK.

HOWEVER, IT WAS LEARNED THERE HAS BEEN A RECENT INCREASE IN HOURS OF INSTRUCTION AT MARINE OFFICER SCHOOLS IN THIS TYPE OF FIGHTING.

THE MARINES BEGAN DEVELOPING ANTI-TERRORIST TECHNIQUES IN THE "BANANA WARS" THAT STARTED IN 1912 AND CONTINUED OFF AND ON UNTIL ABOUT 1930. THESE WERE SMALL SCALE ACTIONS IN HAITI, NICARAGUA AND THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC.

LESSONS LEARNED THERE, OFFICERS SAID, WERE HONED IN RAID-TYPE OPERATIONS AGAINST THE JAPANESE ON HEAVILY JUNGLED ISLANDS OF THE PACIFIC

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DURING WORLD WAR II AND AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS IN KOREA.  
MORE RECENTLY, U. S. MARINE OFFICERS HAVE BEEN ATTACHED AS OBSERVERS TO BELGIAN UNITS IN WHAT WAS THEN THE BELGIAN CONGO, AND TO GURKHA FORCES WHICH HUNTED DOWN COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS IN NORTHERN MALAYA.

JUST LAST NOVEMBER, A 6,000-MAN BRIGADE OF THE 3RD MARINE DIVISION--ADAPTING METHODS LEARNED FROM THEIR OBSERVERS IN MALAYA--STAGED A DRILL IN RUGGED NORTHERN OKINAWA ON THE PROBLEM OF ELIMINATING GUERRILLA FORCES.

ONE SENIOR MARINE OFFICER SAID THE METHODS OF GUERRILLAS HAVEN'T CHANGED MUCH THROUGH THE YEARS--THEY STILL MOUNT RAIDS ON SMALL SETTLEMENTS, TEAR UP COMMUNICATIONS, SET FIRES, TERRORIZE GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS AND GENERALLY DISRUPT THE COUNTRYSIDE.

WHAT HAS CHANGED, THIS OFFICER SAID, ARE THE WEAPONS AND WHAT HE CALLED THE "IMPETUS." BY THIS, HE MEANT THE MASSIVE POWER OF THE COMMUNIST WORLD BACKING SUCH GUERRILLA FORCES AS THOSE SEEKING TO UPEND THE PRO-WESTERN GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH VIET NAM, AND THOSE IN LAOS.

NOW, WITH COMMUNIST TERRORISTS BECOMING BOLDER IN SOME WEAK YOUNG NATIONS, A RANKING MARINE OFFICER SAID THERE IS "EVEN MORE NEED FOR OUR TYPE OF OPERATION THAN THERE HAS BEEN IN THE PAST."

AS THE MARINES VIEW ANTI-GUERRILLA ACTION, IT IS "PRETTY MUCH A SMALL ARMS WAR"--A WAR OF HIT AND RUN AND AMBUSH IN WHICH THERE IS A PREMIUM ON MARKSMANSHIP.

THE MARINE CORPS FOLLOWS A DOCTRINE OF WHAT IT CALLS "VERTICAL AMPHIBIOUS ASSAULT"--A COMBINATION OF HELICOPTER AND SURFACE ATTACK.

ITS THREE COMBAT DIVISIONS OPERATE AS TEAMS WITH THREE MARINE AIR-CRAFT WINGS. ONE DIVISION-WING TEAM IS BASED ON THE WEST COAST, ANOTHER UNDER CONTROL OF THE 7TH FLEET IN THE WESTERN PACIFIC, AND A THIRD ON THE EAST COAST, ASSIGNED TO THE ATLANTIC FLEET.

PERHAPS THE MOST INTENSIVELY TRAINED UNITS ARE FORCE RECONNAISSANCE COMPANIES. THERE ARE TWO OF THESE, ONE AT CAMP PENDLETON, CALIF., AND THE OTHER AT CAMP LEJEUNE, N. C.

EACH HAS 14 OFFICERS AND 147 ENLISTED MEN, MOSTLY ACCOMPLISHED PARACHUTISTS AND FROGMEN. THEY ARE DRILLED ON LANDING IN ENEMY-HELD TERRITORY AND LIVING OFF THE LAND WHILE THEY GATHER INFORMATION NECESSARY FOR FOLLOW-UP OPERATIONS.

UNLIKE THE ARMY'S SMALL GUERRILLA-TYPE FORCE, THE MARINES DO NOT SEND OUT PEOPLE TO TEACH THE MILITARY OF OTHER NATIONS HOW TO DEAL WITH TERRORISTS UNDERMINING THEIR GOVERNMENTS.

THE MARINES MISSION IS TO BE READY TO STRIKE AT IRREGULARS, AS WELL AS ORGANIZED ENEMY FORMATIONS, IF THE UNITED STATES ITSELF SHOULD BECOME INVOLVED IN WAR.

END ADVANCE FOR AMS SUNDAY MARCH 19--SENT MARCH 17

A18WX (STEVENSON)

(330)

DISARMAMENT

WASHINGTON, MARCH 18 (AP)--UNITED NATIONS AMBASSADOR ADLAI E. STEVENSON INDICATED TODAY THIS COUNTRY AND RUSSIA ARE APPROACHING AGREEMENT ON A DATE FOR RESUMPTION OF DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS.

STEVENSON TOLD REPORTERS, AFTER A MEETING WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND TOP DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS THAT HE HOPES TO MAKE SOME PROGRESS ON OTHER ASPECTS OF DISARMAMENT IN THE ENSUING WEEK.

THE QUESTION OF THE DATE, STEVENSON SAID, IS "ONE OF THE ASPECTS OF THE DISCUSSIONS THAT WE ARE CLOSER ON THAN SOME OF THE OTHERS."

SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK ALSO ATTENDED THE TWO-HOUR WHITE HOUSE MEETING. RUSK, STEVENSON AND OTHERS WERE TO HAVE LUNCH, A SHORT TIME AFTER, WITH SOVIET FOREIGN ANDREI A. GROMYKO.

STEVENSON TOLD REPORTERS THAT THE WHITE HOUSE MEETING AND THE LUNCHEON DATE WITH THE SOVIET SPOKESMAN WERE "UNRELATED."



THE CONVERSATIONS, HE SAID, RANGED OVER SOME OF THE PROBLEMS THAT ARE PENDING IN THE UNITED NATIONS. THEY DID NOT RELATE SPECIFICALLY TO THE RISING CRISIS IN LAOS, STEVENSON SAID BUT ADDED THAT HE EXPECTED THAT MORE MIGHT BE SAID ABOUT THAT SUBJECT LATER.

STEVENSON WAS ASKED WHETHER HE HAD NOTED "ANY LACK OF CORDIALITY" IN THE UNITED NATIONS SINCE THIS COUNTRY SUPPORTED A RESOLUTION--THAT WAS DEFEATED--CALLING FOR AN A U.N. INQUIRY INTO RACIAL DISORDER IN ANGOLA, A PORTUGUESE COLONY IN AFRICA. HE WAS ASKED TOO WHETHER THIS COUNTRY'S STAND ON THAT ISSUE MEAN THE UNITED STATES POLICY WOULD BE ALWAYS "TO VOTE AGAINST COLONIALISM."

STEVENSON SAID U. S. POLICY WOULD BE DEVELOPED AND DECLARED CASE BY CASE, AND AS FOR ANY LACK OF CORDIALITY, "QUITE THE CONTRARY."

STEVENSON LOOKED SURPRISED WHEN REPORTERS AND CAMERAMEN CAME RUNNING TO INTERCEPT HIM AS HE LEFT THE WHITE HOUSE.

"I THOUGHT THE CAMPAIGN WAS OVER," HE REMARKED, AND THEN, AS FLASH-BULBS FLARED AND STILL MORE NEWSMEN ARRIVED, HE INQUIRED:

"HAVE I HAD A NEW GRANDCHILD?" *Howard the United States, he said,*

ATTENDING THE WHITE HOUSE MEETING, IN ADDITION TO STEVENSON AND RUSK, WERE JOHN J. MCCLOY, DIRECTOR OF THE UNITED STATES DISARMAMENT ADMINISTRATION; MCGEORGE BUNDY, PRESIDENTIAL ASSISTANT ON SECURITY MATTERS; CHARLES E. BOHLEN, SPECIAL ADVISOR ON SOVIET AFFAIRS; SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA; PAUL NITZE, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR INTERNATIONAL SECURITIES AFFAIRS; ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOY D. KOHLER, AND VICE PRESIDENT LYNDON B. JOHNSON.

PE&JK106PES

1119MI (Q)

NIGHT LEAD (240)

RACINE, WIS., MARCH 19--(AP)--EDUCATORS, BUSINESSMEN, ATTORNEYS AND CIVIC LEADERS CAME UP WITH A DIVERGENCE OF VIEWS ON DISARMAMENT AND ADMISSION OF COMMUNIST CHINA TO THE UNITED STATES IN PANEL DISCUSSION IN THE WINGSPREAD ASSEMBLY ON NATIONAL GOALS TODAY.

THE ASSEMBLY WHICH HAS DRAWN ABOUT 70 PARTICIPANTS FROM 19 STATES AND THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA IS CO-SPONSORED BY THE JOHNSON FOUNDATION AND THE AMERICAN ASSEMBLY OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY. IT WILL WIND UP TOMORROW WITH RECOMMENDATIONS AND COMMENTS ON FINDINGS BY THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON NATIONAL GOALS.

FOUR DISCUSSION GROUPS WORKED TODAY TO DRAFT STATEMENTS ON NATIONAL GOALS BUT BY AGREEMENT NAMES OF THE PARTICIPANTS WERE NOT GIVEN IN QUOTING THEIR VIEWS.

THE STATEMENT OF ONE PANEL SAID THAT "IT IS A WASTE OF TIME TO TRY TO ESTABLISH CONTACTS WITH RED CHINA AT PRESENT, AS THEY HAVE STATED THEY DO NOT WANT IT."

THE STATEMENT ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT "THE UNITED STATES SHOULD NOT NOT RECOGNIZE RED CHINA, "BUT WHEN "AN APPROPRIATE MOMENT ARRIVES FOR NEGOTIATIONS WITH RED CHINA, WE SHOULD NOT LET OUR PRESENT TIES WITH NATIONAL CHINA (TAIWAN) STAND IN OUR WAY."

ANOTHER PANEL STATEMENT SAID THAT "WE RECOGNIZE THE NECESSITY OF MAINTAINING OUR POSITION AS A FIRST CLASS MILITARY POWER IN THE WORLD." IT ADDED THAT "WE ALSO NEED TO DEVELOP OUR RETALIATORY STRENGTH. AT THE SAME TIME, WE MUST EXERT EVERY EFFORT IN AN ATTEMPT FOR EFFECTIVE CONTROL OF ARMAMENTS IN THE NUCLEAR AREA."

SEN. WILLIAM PROXMIRE, D-WIS., A SPEAKER AT THE ASSEMBLY, SAID THAT THE NATION'S TOP PROBLEM IS "HOW TO AROUSE AMERICA TO ITS GREAT DANGER."

"WE ARE A FAT AND COMFORTABLE LAND," HE SAID. "EVEN WITH MILLIONS UNEMPLOYED, MOST AMERICANS ARE TODAY EARNING AND SPENDING AT A NEAR RECORD RATE. NO AMERICAN CITY HAS EVER BEEN RIPPED BY A BOMB."

"TO AROUSE OUR PEOPLE TO THE CATASTROPHIC THREAT OF THE SPREAD OF ATOMIC KNOWLEDGE IS AN IMMENSE AND DIFFICULT PROBLEM, BUT THE SURVIVAL OF FREEDOM AND POSSIBLY THE VERY EXISTENCE OF AMERICA DEPEND ON IT."

HS1148PCS NM

BALL  
BY LEWIS GULICK *146 WX*

WASHINGTON, MARCH 18 (AP)--UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE GEORGE BALL LEAVES FOR EUROPE TODAY ON A MISSION AIMED AT IMPROVING THE EFFICIENCY OF FREE WORLD AID AND GETTING OTHER INDUSTRIAL COUNTRIES TO STEP UP THEIR SHARE.

BALL'S MAIN DESTINATION IS LONDON, WHERE THE UNITED STATES AND EIGHT OTHER WESTERN INDUSTRIAL COUNTRIES PLUS JAPAN WILL HOLD A DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE GROUP (DAG) SESSION MARCH 27-29.

EN ROUTE, BALL PLANS TO STOP OFF AT BONN MARCH 20-22 AND PARIS MARCH 23-26 TO TALK OVER AID PROBLEMS WITH OFFICIALS IN THOSE CAPITALS.

THE 10-NATION DAG SO FAR HAS BEEN MAINLY A DISCUSSION GROUP FOR FOREIGN AID QUESTIONS FACED BY THE INDUSTRIAL NATIONS. UNDER THE NEW ORGANIZATION FOR ECONOMIC COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT (OECD), WHICH HAS JUST BEEN RATIFIED BY THE U.S. SENATE, THE DAG WOULD BECOME ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL COMMITTEES OF THE NEW INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC ORGANIZATION.

U.S. AUTHORITIES SAID BALL, IN BEHALF OF THE UNITED STATES, EXPECTS TO PROPOSE AT LONDON THAT THE DAG BECOME A CLEARING HOUSE FOR ALL FOREIGN AID ACTIVITIES OF FREE WORLD COUNTRIES.

THE U.S. ENVOY WAS SAID ALSO TO BE PLANNING TO DISCUSS GREATER SHARING OF THE AID BURDEN BY OTHER ADVANCED NATIONS.

IT IS BALL'S HOPE THAT THE STRENGTHENING OF THE DAG WILL HAVE, AS A LOGICAL OUTCOME, AN INCREASE IN ASSISTANCE OFFERED BY OTHER NATIONS. THE REASONING IS THAT WITH A CLEARER STOCK-TAKING OF WHO HAS WHAT RESOURCES AVAILABLE FOR AID, AND A CLEARER PICTURE OF WHERE THE AID SHOULD GO WITHOUT OVERLAPPING, THE NECESSITY FOR INCREASED PARTICIPATION BY OTHERS WILL BECOME LOGICALLY APPARENT.

THE UNITED STATES HAS SOME PROPOSALS IN MIND FOR A YARDSTICK ON WHO SHOULD CONTRIBUTE HOW MUCH. THE FORMULA HAS BEEN KEPT SECRET PENDING CONSULTATION WITH THE OTHER COUNTRIES, AND U.S. OFFICIALS SAID NO HARD AND FAST MEASUREMENT IS POSSIBLE ANYWAY.

HOWEVER WASHINGTON BELIEVES ITEMS LIKE THE INCOME OF A COUNTRY, ITS WEALTH, TRADE BALANCE AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS SHOULD BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN DETERMINING ITS ABILITY TO FURNISH MORE AID.

WHETHER A COUNTRY HAS A FOREIGN EXCHANGE SURPLUS, FOR EXAMPLE, IS CONSIDERED A LOGICAL FACTOR IN WHETHER A COUNTRY SHOULD STIPULATE THAT PROCEEDS FROM ITS OVERSEAS LOANS SHOULD BE USED ONLY FOR BUYING ITS OWN PRODUCTS.

THE UNITED STATES, NOW SUFFERING A GOLD DRAIN, HAS SLAPPED A BUY-AMERICAN RESTRICTION ON MANY OF ITS LOANS. GERMANY HAS RECENTLY ALLOWED USE OF ITS LOANS FOR PURCHASES ANYWHERE. GERMANY, ALONG WITH ITALY, THE NETHERLANDS AND JAPAN, CURRENTLY HAVE A FOREIGN EXCHANGE SURPLUS.

EVEN IF BALL SUCCEEDS IN HIS DRIVE FOR LARGER AID CONTRIBUTIONS FROM OTHER NATIONS, U.S. AUTHORITIES SAID THIS WOULD NOT MEAN A DROP IN THE AMERICAN AID PROGRAM. THEY SAID WHAT IS NEEDED IS MORE AID OVER-ALL, MORE EFFICIENTLY ADMINISTERED. AND THEY SAID THE PRESENT U.S. PROGRAM DOES NOT FIGURE HEAVILY IN THE U.S. BALANCE OF PAYMENTS DEFICIT BECAUSE MOST AID DOLLARS ARE USED FOR PURCHASE OF AMERICAN GOODS.

EH435AES

AI01WA

(480) KENNEDY-FOREIGN AID

BY JACK BELL

WASHINGTON, MARCH 18 (AP)--PRESIDENT KENNEDY IS REPORTED CONSIDERING RECOMMENDING TO CONGRESS A FIVE-YEAR, \$8-BILLION PROGRAM OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC AID.

KENNEDY HAS SCHEDULED FOR TUESDAY A FOREIGN AID MESSAGE WHICH IS UNDERSTOOD TO CALL FOR A CLOSELY INTEGRATED ASSISTANCE PROGRAM TO BE CARRIED OUT UNDER THE POLICY COORDINATION OF UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE GEORGE W. BALL.



BALL, THE UNDERSECRETARY FOR ECONOMIC AFFAIRS, NOW IS ON A MISSION TO WESTERN EUROPE AIMED AT IMPROVING THE EFFICIENCY OF FREE WORLD AID AND AT GETTING OTHER INDUSTRIAL COUNTRIES TO TAKE OVER THEIR SHARE OF AID TO UNDERDEVELOPED NATIONS.

CONGRESSIONAL SOURCES WHICH REPORTED THE FIVE-YEAR PROGRAM PROPOSAL SAID IT IS THEIR UNDERSTANDING THAT KENNEDY HOPES TO SEPARATE MILITARY ASSISTANCE FROM ECONOMIC AID AND PUT THE LATTER ON A LONG-RANGE AUTHORIZATION BASIS.

IN HIS JAN. 16 BUDGET MESSAGE, RETIRING PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER REQUESTED \$4 BILLION IN FOREIGN AID FUNDS. THIS COVERED SOME FUTURE OUTLAYS AND AN ESTIMATED \$3.7 BILLION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1.

OF THE LATTER TOTAL, EISENHOWER ESTIMATED \$1.8 BILLION IN MILITARY ASSISTANCE AND \$1.9 BILLION FOR THE ECONOMIC PROGRAM.

KENNEDY IS EXPECTED TO HOLD BOTH EXPENDITURES FOR THE NEW YEAR AT ABOUT THE LEVEL EISENHOWER PROPOSED.

AN \$8-BILLION OUTLAY OVER A FIVE-YEAR PERIOD WOULD AVERAGE OUT AT \$1.6 BILLION YEARLY.

BALL HAS HAD CONSIDERABLE PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE IN GOVERNMENT. HE WAS AN ASSOCIATE GENERAL COUNSEL OF THE LEND-LEASE ADMINISTRATION DURING WORLD WAR II AND HAS SERVED IN THE FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION AND THE TREASURY.

CONGRESSIONAL LEADERS SPECULATED THAT, IN MESHING THE WORK OF THE ECONOMIC AGENCIES, KENNEDY MIGHT RECOMMEND THAT MILITARY ASSISTANCE BE TRANSFERRED TO THE DEFENSE BUDGET, A MOVE CONGRESS HAS RESISTED IN THE PAST.

AS THE PRESIDENT'S PLANS HAVE BEEN EXPLAINED TO INTERESTED CONGRESS MEMBERS, THE INDIVIDUAL ECONOMIC AGENCIES NOW FUNCTIONING IN THE FOREIGN FIELD WOULD RETAIN THEIR IDENTITY AND OPERATIONAL AUTHORITY BUT THEY WOULD TAKE THEIR POLICY GUIDELINES FROM BALL. HE, IN TURN, WOULD BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CARRYING OUT POLICY LAID DOWN BY SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK AND THE PRESIDENT.

TO CARRY OUT THIS PLAN AN ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT WOULD BE NAMED FOR EACH AMBASSADOR IN EACH COUNTRY RECEIVING ANY TYPE OF AMERICAN ASSISTANCE. NOMINALLY, THE AMBASSADORS WOULD REMAIN IN COMMAND OF OPERATIONS IN INDIVIDUAL COUNTRIES, BUT THE ASSISTANTS WOULD TAKE OVER THE WORK LOAD.

LAST MINUTE DECISIONS APPARENTLY REMAIN TO BE MADE ON WHETHER SOME SPECIAL AGENCIES SHOULD BE EXCLUDED FROM THE OVER-ALL SETUP.

THERE IS A DISPUTE, FOR INSTANCE, AS TO WHETHER THE FOOD-FOR-PEACE PROGRAM SHOULD BE INCLUDED OR KEPT SEPARATE.

AS IT STANDS, HOWEVER, THE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION (ICA), THE DEVELOPMENT LOAN FUND, THE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM AND PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIVITIES WOULD GET THEIR POLICY GUIDANCE THROUGH BALL.

HE ALSO WOULD TRANSMIT POLICY TO THE U.S. INFORMATION SERVICE. LESS FORMALLY HE WOULD KEEP AN EYE ON WHAT THE INTER-AMERICAN BANK AND THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK ARE DOING.

BU738PES

A37

(400)

NIGHT LEAD COMMONWEALTH (ROUNDUP)

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

LONDON, MARCH 18 (AP)--PRIME MINISTER HENDRIK F. VERWOERD, UNREPENTANT APOSTLE OF WHITE SUPREMACY IN SOUTH AFRICA, WOUND UP A TUMULTUOUS VISIT TO LONDON TONIGHT BY PREDICTING THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH MAY CRACK UP UNDER PRESSURES FROM AFRICAN AND ASIAN MEMBERS.

AT A NEWS CONFERENCE ON THE EVE OF HIS DEPARTURE HOME, VERWOERD ALSO LASHED OUT AT PRIME MINISTER JOHN Diefenbaker of Canada for JOINING ASIAN AND AFRICAN LEADERS IN BLASTING SOUTH AFRICA AT THE COMMONWEALTH CONFERENCE.

VERWOERD HELD FAST TO HIS REASONS FOR DECIDING TO PULL SOUTH AFRICA OUT OF THE MULTIRACIAL COMMONWEALTH. HE SAID HIS COUNTRY

WAS FACED WITH UNACCEPTABLE DEMANDS TO MODIFY ITS POLICIES OF RACE SEGREGATION OR FACE EXPULSION FROM THE COMMONWEALTH. ALTERNATIVELY, HE SAID, SOME AFRICAN AND ASIAN LEADERS THREATENED TO QUIT THE COMMONWEALTH THEMSELVES UNLESS SOUTH AFRICA MENDED ITS WAYS.

"I HAD TO RELIEVE BRITAIN OF THAT EMBARRASSMENT," VERWOERD ASSERTED.

VERWOERD IS DUE TO FLY HOME TOMORROW--TO A MIXED RECEPTION. HIS NATIONAL PARTY FOLLOWERS INTEND TO STAGE A HERO'S WELCOME FOR HIM AT JOHANNESBURG AND CAPE TOWN AIRPORTS. BUT--EMPHASIZING THE BITTER DIVISIONS BETWEEN DUTCH-SPEAKING AND ENGLISH-SPEAKING WHITES--VERWOERD'S POLITICAL OPPOSITION IS PLANNING A NATIONWIDE SERIES OF PROTEST MEETINGS TO CONDEMN HIM FOR SEVERING SOUTH AFRICA'S TIES WITH THE COMMONWEALTH FAMILY.

VERWOERD, RELAXED AND SOFT-SPOKEN, TOLD HIS NEWS CONFERENCE HE THOUGHT BRITAIN WOULD BE BETTER ABLE TO HOLD THE COMMONWEALTH TOGETHER WITHOUT THE "EMBARRASSING" PRESENCE OF SOUTH AFRICA.

HE DECLINED TO SAY WHICH LEADERS THREATENED TO RESIGN UNLESS SOUTH AFRICA GOT OUT BUT PREVIOUSLY HE MADE NO SECRET OF NAMING PRESIDENT KWAME NKRUMAH OF GHANA AS ONE. BRITISH OFFICIALS, POSSIBLY IN A DISPLAY OF CLASSIC BRITISH UNDERSTATEMENT, HAVE SAID NO "THREATS OR ULTIMATUMS" WERE VOICED AT THE 10-DAY TALKS WHICH ENDED YESTERDAY.

BUT IN LAGOS, PRIME MINISTER SIR ABUBAKAR TAFAWA BALEWA SAID NIGERIA WAS ONE OF THE NATIONS WHICH THREATENED TO RESIGN.

VERWOERD, WHO HAS SAID HE HOPES HIS FINANCIAL AND DEFENSE RELATIONS WITH BRITAIN WILL CONTINUE AFTER SOUTH AFRICA FINALLY QUILTS THE COMMONWEALTH ON BECOMING A REPUBLIC MAY 31, SHOWED HIS ONLY NOTE OF ASPERITY IN REFERRING TO Diefenbaker.

HE RAPPED THE CANADIAN PRIME MINISTER FOR "AN IMMATURE OUTLOOK" IN SIDING WITH CRITICS OF APARTHEID, AND DECLARED:

"WHITE SOUTH AFRICANS DO NOT REGARD NONWHITES AS SUBHUMAN OR INFERIOR BUT MERELY AS DIFFERENT."

BRITONS SEEMED GENERALLY AGREED THAT SOUTH AFRICA'S EXIT WILL LEAD TO GREATER COMMONWEALTH UNITY THAN EVER BEFORE. BUT SOME STRAINS SHOWED THROUGH.

MALAYA'S PRIME MINISTER, TUNKU ABDUL RAHMAN, HELD A NEWS CONFERENCE TO DECLARE HIS "ABSOLUTE AND COMPLETE" SATISFACTION WITH THE RESULT OF THE CONFERENCE.

"I NOW FEEL THAT THE PEOPLE OF SHARPEVILLE HAVE NOT DIED IN VAIN," HE SAID.

SHARPEVILLE WAS THE SCENE OF RIOT A YEAR AGO NEXT TUESDAY IN WHICH 67 AFRICANS WERE KILLED BY POLICE BULLETS.

"IF THE COMMONWEALTH IS TO MEAN ANYTHING," ABDUL RAHMAN SAID, "WE MUST PROCLAIM OUR STAND TO THE WORLD, THAT WE UPHOLD A CHARTER OF LIBERTY AND HUMAN RIGHTS."

JE255PES

WITH LONDON

CAPE TOWN, SOUTH AFRICA, MARCH 18 (AP)--POLICE TODAY ARRESTED 22 PERSONS--WHITE, AFRICAN AND COLORED (MIXED BLOOD)--WHO STAGED A SIT-IN DEMONSTRATION IN A DOWNTOWN DEPARTMENT STORE TEAROOM, ASKING TO BE SERVED IN VIOLATION OF THE RACIAL SEGREGATION LAWS.

THESE DEMONSTRATIONS HAVE BEEN GOING ON HERE FOR SEVERAL MONTHS IN AN EFFORT BY NONWHITES AND THEIR LIBERAL WHITE SUPPORTERS TO BREAK DOWN THE COLOR BAR. BUT TODAY IS BELIEVED THE FIRST TIME DEMONSTRATORS WERE ARRESTED. THE 22 WERE TOLD THEY WOULD BE HELD FOR TRIAL AND NOT PERMITTED BAIL.

JE1044AES



A157WX

(180) RB47 FLIERS  
WASHINGTON, MARCH 18 (AP)-INFORMED SOURCES SAID TONIGHT THAT NO FIRM DECISION HAS BEEN REACHED ON BRINGING TWO RB47 AIR FORCE CAPTAINS TO WASHINGTON FOR SENATE QUESTIONING ON THE DOWNING OF THEIR PLANE AND RECENT RELEASE FROM SOVIET PRISON.

THERE HAVE BEEN REPORTS THE TWO, CAPTAINS FREEMAN B. OLMSTEAD AND JOHN R. MCKONE, WOULD APPEAR AT A CLOSED HEARING BEFORE A SPECIAL TWO MAN SENATE PREPAREDNESS SUBCOMMITTEE NEXT WEEK.

THE SOURCES SAID:

"THE MATTER HAS BEEN DISCUSSED WITH THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT BUT NOTHING HAS BEEN FIRMED UP. IT IS EXPECTED TO BE DISCUSSED FURTHER."

THE REPORTS SAID THE SUBCOMMITTEE WOULD CONSIST OF SENS. JOHN C. STENNIS, D-MISS., AND STYLES BRIDGES, R-NH.

BRIDGES, IN A MARCH 9 LETTER TO CHAIRMAN RICHARD B. RUSSELL, D-GA., OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, REQUESTED A SENATE INVESTIGATION INTO THE CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH THE TWO FLIERS WERE RELEASED JAN. 25. THE COMMITTEE'S SENIOR REPUBLICAN MEMBER, HE SAID AT THE TIME THE SENATE "SHOULD KNOW THE DETAILS OF ANY AGREEMENTS WHICH RESULTED FROM NEGOTIATIONS WHICH LED TO THEIR RELEASE, BECAUSE ANY SUCH AGREEMENTS ARE LIKELY TO HAVE A SIGNIFICANT BEARING ON U.S.-SOVIET RELATIONS."

MCKONE AND OLMSTEAD WERE THE ONLY KNOWN SURVIVORS OF THE RB47 SIX MAN CREW WHEN IT WAS SHOT DOWN BY SOVIET FIGHTERS IN THE BALTIC SEA LAST JULY.

RZ1140PES(ABOVE A158)

B85 (Q)

NIGHT LEAD PLANE

LONDON, MARCH 18 (AP)-A DOZEN PLANES FROM FOUR COUNTRIES RETURNED TO BASE TONIGHT AFTER FAILING TO FIND ANY SIGN OF A U.S. AIR FORCE RB66 RECONNAISSANCE BOMBER MISSING OVER THE NORTH SEA WITH ITS CREW OF THREE.

"THEY DISCOVERED NO TRACE OF THE CREW OR WRECKAGE," SAID A U.S. 3RD AIR FORCE SPOKESMAN. THE RB66, BASED AT ALCONBURY IN ENGLAND, DISAPPEARED THURSDAY NIGHT ON WHAT WAS DESCRIBED AS A PHOTOGRAPHIC TRAINING MISSION. A PIECE OF METAL PICKED UP FRIDAY BY A FISHING BOAT OFF THE ISLAND OF Terschelling HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED AS PART OF IT.

SHIPS WERE ALERTED TO LOOK OUT FOR SURVIVORS WHEN THE SEARCH WAS RESUMED AT DAWN TODAY. AMERICAN, BRITISH, DUTCH AND WEST GERMAN AIRCRAFT WERE INVOLVED IN THE AIR SEARCH.

HF824PES

A19

AMS BUDGET (340)

SOVIET CENSORSHIP

BY RONALD THOMSON

LONDON, MARCH 18 (AP)-WESTERN DIPLOMATS REPORTED TODAY THE SOVIET UNION IS EXPECTED TO ABANDON DIRECT CENSORSHIP OF STORIES WRITTEN BY FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS BEGINNING MONDAY.

SUCH A STEP WOULD END 21 YEARS OF SOVIET INTERFERENCE WITH THE FREE TRANSMISSION OF NEWS FROM THE U.S.S.R.

INFORMATION FROM MOSCOW SUGGESTED THAT CORRESPONDENTS WILL NO LONGER HAVE TO SUBMIT THEIR WORK TO ANONYMOUS CENSORS BEHIND A GREEN BAIZE CURTAIN IN THE CENTRAL TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

BUT IN PLACE OF DIRECT CENSORSHIP THERE IS LIKELY TO BE A FORM OF VOLUNTARY CENSORSHIP, MEANING CORRESPONDENTS WILL HAVE TO DECIDE BEFORE SENDING STORIES WHETHER THEY MIGHT OFFEND THE REGIME. THIS PROCEDURE ALREADY OPERATES IN OTHER COMMUNIST COUNTRIES, SUCH AS POLAND. CORRESPONDENTS THERE HAVE THE FREEDOM TO PICK UP A TELEPHONE AND CONTACT THEIR OFFICES IN THE WEST WITHOUT GOING THROUGH AN OFFICIAL CENSOR. BUT THEIR WORDS ARE STUDIED BY OFFICIALS AND THEY MAY BE CALLED TO ACCOUNT LATER.

THE REPORTED PLANS TO LIFT CENSORSHIP FOLLOW A NUMBER OF STORIES IN THE SOVIET PRESS COMPLAINING ABOUT RESTRICTIONS ON SOVIET

CORRESPONDENTS IN THE UNITED STATES.

THESE INVOLVED LIMITATIONS ON THE MOVEMENT OF CORRESPONDENTS --APPLIED IN RETALIATION FOR SIMILAR RESTRICTIONS ON U.S. NEWSMEN IN MOSCOW--AND CHARGES OF SEARCH AND INSPECTION BY AGENTS OF THE FBI.

THE RUSSIANS COULD USE THEIR RELAXATION OF CENSORSHIP AS A BARGAINING LEVER TO REDUCE RESTRICTIONS ON THEIR NEWSMEN IN THE UNITED STATES, WHILE RETAINING THE SAME LIMITATIONS ON U.S. NEWSMEN IN THE SOVIET CAPITAL.

AS FOR THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE PREDICTED SOVIET ACTION, ONE WESTERN DIPLOMAT SAID:

"IT IS IN LINE WITH OTHER DISPLAYS OF RUSSIA'S CONFIDENCE IN ITS OWN RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS."

DIRECT CENSORSHIP OF NEWS WAS IMPOSED BY THE SOVIETS IN 1939 DURING THE FINNISH WAR. EVER SINCE, FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS HAVE HAD TO SUBMIT THEIR MATERIAL TO CENSORS. SOMETIMES THEIR STORIES ARE KILLED COMPLETELY, SOMETIMES WHOLE CHUNKS ARE REMOVED. IN RECENT YEARS THE CENSORS HAVE BEEN LIBERAL, BUT WHATEVER HAPPENS, THE STORIES ARE DELAYED WHILE THE CENSOR GOES OVER THE COPY.

DIRECT CENSORSHIP HAS BEEN REMOVED FOR OCCASIONAL PERIODS, SUCH AS WHEN BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN AND U.S. VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON VISITED THE SOVIET UNION IN 1959.

RP113PES

B82 (Q)

(240)

WITH LONDON CENSORSHIP A19

MOSCOW, SUNDAY, MARCH 19 (AP)-PRAVDA CHARGED TODAY THAT SOVIET NEWSMEN IN THE UNITED STATES ARE SUBJECTED TO HUMILIATING TREATMENT BY AMERICAN AUTHORITIES, FREQUENT SEARCHES OF THEIR APARTMENTS AND POLICE SURVEILLANCE.

THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY ORGAN ALSO DECLARED THAT REFUSAL TO RENEW VISAS OF RUSSIAN JOURNALISTS REPORTING FROM THE UNITED STATES MAKES IT APPEAR THAT WASHINGTON HAS DECIDED "TO GET RID OF ALL SOVIET JOURNALISTS IN THE U.S.A."

PRAVDA PRINTED THE CHARGES UNDER THE BYLINE OF ITS OWN NEW YORK CORRESPONDENT, STRELNIKOV. THE TASS NEWS AGENCY REPRINTED THE ARTICLE. "THE SOVIET JOURNALIST," STRELNIKOV SAID, "IS AN UNWELCOME GUEST IN ANY U.S. OFFICE. IT SEEMS THAT THE ONLY PLACE WHERE SOVIET CORRESPONDENTS IN NEW YORK ARE INVITED IS THE TAXATION OFFICE (INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE) ON LEXINGTON AVENUE."

THE FINGERPRINTING OF SOVIET JOURNALISTS, ONLY RECENTLY INTRODUCED, IS HUMILIATING, STRELNIKOV DECLARED. HE DESCRIBED AS "MOCKERY" THE RUSSIANS' TREATMENT BY TAX OFFICIALS.

"THUS FOR INSTANCE," HE WROTE, "THE SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT OF PRAVDA, E. LITOSKO, WAS ASKED WITH AMAZING PEDANTRY BY AN OFFICIAL TO GIVE A DETAILED ACCOUNT OF WHAT HE HAD FOR LUNCHEON, HOW MANY DOLLARS HE PAID FOR HIS DINNER, HOW MUCH A MOVIE THEATER TICKET COST HIM..."

STRELNIKOV SAID HE AND HIS FAMILY ARE "OFTEN THE VICTIMS OF OVER-ZEALOUSNESS. FROM TIME TO TIME I NOTICE THAT SOMEONE HAS BEEN SEARCHING MY APARTMENT IN OUR ABSENCE...IT IS NOT A QUESTION OF THIEVES, BECAUSE AS A RULE NOTHING IS MISSING," THE SOVIET JOURNALIST SAID.

STRELNIKOV SAID THE MASS OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE, AND AMERICAN JOURNALISTS THEMSELVES, "HAVE NO INKING OF THE DISCRIMINATION" AGAINST SOVIET JOURNALISTS.

HF810PES

B83CX (Q)  
(350)

CHICAGO, MARCH 18 (AP)-MECYS PASKEVICIUS, A FORMER LITHUANIAN POLICEMAN NOW LIVING IN CHICAGO, TONIGHT LABELED A RUSSIAN CHARGE THAT HE PARTICIPATED IN WARTIME ATROCITIES A FALSEHOOD.

"THEY KNOW WHEN A LIE IS BIG ENOUGH AND REPEATED MANY TIMES SOME PEOPLE



30.24- 381

PLE MAY BELIEVE THEM," THE 59-YEAR-OLD ELECTRICAL WORKER SAID. TASS, THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY, THURSDAY PUBLISHED WHAT IT CALLED AN OPEN LETTER FROM CITIZENS OF UKMERGE, LITHUANIA, TO THE PEOPLE OF CHICAGO URGING EXTRADITION OF PASKEVICIUS. IT SAID HE ALSO USED ANOTHER NAME, MIKAS POVILIONIS.

"BECAUSE THEIR ACCUSATIONS ARE FALSE," PASKEVICIUS SAID IN A STATEMENT PREPARED FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, "THEY DO IT IN SUCH A CHEAP WAY AS IN AN 'OPEN LETTER FROM CITIZENS IN UKMERGE'."

"IF THE CITIZENS WOULD HAVE THE FREEDOM TO EXPRESS THEIR WISHES," HE SAID, "THEY WOULD ASK NOT EXTRADITE ME, BUT TO RELIEVE FROM SIBERIA THEIR FATHERS, BROTHERS AND SONS, IF THEY ARE STILL ALIVE."

LITHUANIA, SOUTHERNMOST OF THREE BALTI STATES TAKEN OVER BY THE RUSSIANS IN 1940, WAS LATER SEIZED AND OCCUPIED BY THE GERMAN ARMY. PASKEVICIUS IS ACCUSED OF COMMITTING WAR CRIMES DURING THAT PERIOD.

PASKEVICIUS SAID HE WAS A POLICEMAN FROM 1927 TO 1940, THEN HID IN A FOREST UNTIL NAZI ARMIES ARRIVED.

"LITHUANIANS ORGANIZED UNDER GERMANS THEIR POLICE," HE SAID, "AND I CAME BACK, BUT NOT AS POLICE CHIEF OF UKMERGE AND DID NOT PARTICIPATE IN ANY WAR CRIMINAL ACTS."

THE SOVIET PUBLICATION SAID HE HAD PARTICIPATED IN THE KILLING OF MORE THAN 12,000 PERSONS WHILE POLICE CHIEF OF UKMERGE, A CITY OF ABOUT 17,000 PERSONS.

PASKEVICIUS SAID THE RUSSIANS APPARENTLY OBTAINED HIS NAME FROM PACKAGES HE HAS SENT HIS MOTHER, WHO STILL LIVES IN UKMERGE. HE SAID HE WOULD NOT BE USING HIS REAL NAME IF HE HAD ANYTHING TO HIDE.

"I LIVE IN CHICAGO MORE THAN 10 YEARS AND WORK IN THE SAME PLACE UNDER MY REAL NAME, NOT PAVILIONIS AS CHARGED BY RUSSIAN COMMUNISTS," HE DECLARED.

THE RUSSIAN CHARGE WAS FIRST MADE PUBLIC LAST DECEMBER 23 BY VLADAS NUNKA, A DEPUTY IN THE SOVIET PARLIAMENT.

JT727PCS

A81

PRECEDE GREAT FALLS, MONT. DAY (400) FRANKFURT, GERMANY, MARCH 18 (AP)-INDICATIONS WERE STRONG TODAY THAT A THREE-YEAR SEARCH FOR AN AMERICAN WORLD WAR II FIGHTER PILOT SHOT DOWN IN AFRICA BY A GERMAN MAY HAVE ENDED.

MAJOR NORMAN L. WIDEN, OF THE 29TH AIR DIVISION AT MALMSTROM AIR FORCE BASE, MONT., SAID HE MAY BE THE PILOT WHO WAS SHOT DOWN IN 1942 OVER TUNIS BY GERMAN FIGHTER ACE, STAFF SGT. ANTON HAFNER, WHO LATER WILLED CERTAIN PERSONAL BELONGINGS TO HIS VICTIM.

AN AIR FORCE OFFICER HERE WHO DECLINED TO BE IDENTIFIED BUT WHO HAD HELPED PIECE TOGETHER THE STRANDS OF INFORMATION SAID TONIGHT HE THOUGHT WIDEN COULD VERY WELL BE THE MAN WHO WAS SHOT DOWN BY HAFNER.

"I'M REALLY PLEASED ABOUT THIS," HE SAID. "IT SOUNDS VERY LIKELY THAT FINALLY WE MAY HAVE THE RIGHT MAN."

ANTON HAFNER WAS LATER KILLED AT THE RUSSIAN FRONT AFTER HE HAD SHOT DOWN 204 ALLIED PLANES.

THE GERMAN ACE'S BROTHER, ALFONS, 46, NOW A MASTER SERGEANT IN WEST GERMANY'S AIR FORCE INITIATED THE SEARCH FOR THE MISSING

AMERICAN IN 1958.

ALFONS HAFNER COULD NOT BE REACHED FOR COMMENT TODAY.

EARLIER, HE HAD RELATED THIS STORY: IN NOVEMBER 1942, ANTON HAFNER, 22, ALREADY CREDITED WITH ABOUT 75 KILLS, WAS ASSIGNED TO NORTH AFRICA.

SHORTLY AFTER HIS ARRIVAL HE SHOT DOWN A P38 FIGHTER ESCORTING A U.S. BOMBER FLEET.

THE P38 PILOT--PRESUMABLY WIDEN--BAILED OUT. AFNER CIRCLED THE PARACHUTING PILOT, THEN LANDED NEARBY.

THE AMERICAN ASKED FOR A CIGARETTE AND THEN ASKED TO BE TAKEN TO HIS CRASHED PLANE SO THAT HE MIGHT PICK UP A SOUVENIER. HAFNER COMPLIED.

AT THE WRECK, THE AMERICAN REPORTEDLY REMOVED HIS PILOT'S WINGS FROM HIS JACKET AND GAVE THEM TO HAFNER IN ADDITION TO THE PLANE TAG FROM THE P38 WHICH GIVES THE AIRCRAFT SERIAL NUMBER AND OTHER IDENTIFYING FACTORS.

ACCORDING TO ALFONS HAFNER, THE TWO AIRMEN BECAME FRIENDLY IN THE SHORT MOMENTS AFTER THE FIGHT AND BEFORE THE AMERICAN'S INTERNMENT. THE U.S. PILOT REPORTEDLY INVITED THE GERMAN TO VISIT HIM IN PHILADELPHIA AFTER THE WAR AND HAFNER INVITED THE AMERICAN TO GERMANY

IN GREAT FALLS, MONT., WIDEN, A NATIVE OF ONALASKA, WIS., SAID HE COULD NOT RECALL HAVING INVITED HIS GERMAN CAPTOR TO THE UNITED STATES, OR HAVING BEEN INVITED TO VISIT IN GERMANY.

WIDEN, 43, CALLS MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., HIS HOMETOWN, HAVING LIVED THERE 10 YEARS. HE NOW HEADS A FIGHTER GROUP AT MALMSTROM AFB IN MONTANA.

THE GERMAN WAS IMPRESSED WITH THE FACT THAT ALTHOUGH HE WAS ONLY A STAFF SERGEANT HE HAD SHOT DOWN AN AMERICAN OFFICER.

SOME TIME LATER, THE GERMAN ACE--A FIRST LIEUTENANT THEN--TOLD HIS BROTHER THAT IF HE SHOULD DIE IN BATTLE, ALFONS SHOULD TRY TO FIND THE AMERICAN PILOT HE HAD SHOT DOWN OVER TUNIS.

LT. HAFNER WANTED THE AMERICAN TO HAVE HIS SIDEARMS AND OTHER CHERISHED PERSONAL POSSESSIONS.

LT. HAFNER WAS SHOT DOWN AND KILLED IN 1944 OVER KOENIGSBERG, EAST PRUSSIA.

ALFONS HAFNER SAID HE DOES NOT WANT TO REVEAL THE NATURE OF THESE BELONGINGS UNTIL HE HAD FOUND THE AMERICAN PILOT.

"THESE GIFTS WHICH ARE OF PERSONAL NATURE AND HAVE NO FINANCIAL VALUE REPRESENT THE ESTEEM AND ADMIRATION WHICH MY BROTHER HELD FOR THE AMERICAN," HAFNER SAID.

FV609PES

A127MI (AX)

WITH FRANKFURT WIDEN (130) ONALASKA, WIS., MARCH 18-(AP)-MRS. ANNA WIDEN, MOTHER OF AN AIR FORCE OFFICER WHO WAS SHOT DOWN OVER TUNIS IN 1942, BELIEVES HER SON, MAJ. NORMAN L. WIDEN IS THE MAN BEING SOUGHT BY THE FAMILY OF THE GERMAN WHO SHOT HIM DOWN BUT "ISN'T QUITE SURE" ABOUT IT.

MAJ. WIDEN OF THE 29TH AIR DIVISION AT MALMSTROM AIR FORCE BASE, MONT., SAID HE MAY BE THE PILOT WHO WAS SHOWN DOWN IN 1942 OVER TUNIS BY A GERMAN FIGHTER ACE, STAFF SGT. ANTON HAFNER, WHO LATER WILLED PERSONAL BELONGING TO HIS VICTIM.

MRS. WIDEN WAS SHOWN AN ASSOCIATED PRESS PICTURE TODAY OF THE MAN SHOT DOWN BY HAFNER. SHE SAID IT RESEMBLED HER SON BUT SHE WASN'T SURE THE PHOTOGRAPH IS ONE OF HER SON.

OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES, HOWEVER, LEAD HER TO BELIEVE THAT HER SON WAS THE MAN SHOT DOWN, SHE SAID.

MAJ. WIDEN WAS SHOT DOWN DEC. 18, 1942, NEAR TUNIS AND BAILED OUT BEHIND ENEMY LINES. HE WAS CAPTURED BY THE GERMANS AND SPENT 2 1/2 YEARS IN FOUR GERMAN PRISONER-OF-WAR CAMPS, HIS MOTHER SAID.

IN A LETTER TO HIS MOTHER IN 1943, WIDEN WROTE "ANYHOW, I WENT DOWN SLUGGING." OTHER DETAILS WERE CUT OUT BY GERMAN CENSORS.

HS805PCS NM